

IMPORTANT information about your case

Please read **before completing your application**

The law has changed, and you are now legally required to consider mediation before applying to the family court to resolve a dispute about your children or finances. This means that before submitting your application, you must attend a Mediation Information and Assessment Meeting (MIAM) to find out about mediation and see if mediators can help you sort out arrangements for the future.

In special circumstances – such as where domestic violence is involved – you may not need to attend a MIAM. However, you will be asked to provide the judge with evidence (such as a police report to prove domestic violence has taken place) and should bring it to the first hearing.

Who are mediators and what do they do?

Mediators are trained professionals who can help you and the other person involved work out an agreement without having to go to court about issues such as arrangements for children, financial arrangements and dividing up property.

How can mediation help?

Mediation gives you more control over what happens, and is usually less stressful and cheaper than going to court. It can also be quicker and less upsetting for you and your children. In the MIAM, you will be told about other options to resolve your dispute and about services that can provide you with help and support.

Where can I find a mediator or more information?

You can search for a mediator and find more information about mediation (and other sources of help) using this website: www.familymediationcouncil.org.uk/. You can also scan this QR code with your smart phone.



Do I have to pay for the MIAM?

The MIAM is free of charge if you or the other person involved (the other party) qualifies for legal aid. To find out if you qualify visit: www.gov.uk/check-legal-aid

Please read the statements below and sign to confirm your understanding

1. I understand that if I have not attended a Mediation Information and Assessment Meeting (MIAM), the court **CANNOT** process my court application unless there are special circumstances.
2. I understand that if I cannot show evidence that I do not need to attend a MIAM, the judge may stop proceedings until I have considered mediation.

Signed

Date

D	D	/	M	M	/	Y	Y	Y	Y
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We want to make sure that all applicants are aware of this new process and ask that you PLEASE RETURN THIS FORM WITH YOUR APPLICATION. Your application can be submitted without this form and will not be affected if you do not sign or return it.

Application under section 8 of the Children Act 1989 for a child arrangements, prohibited steps, specific issue order or to vary or discharge or ask permission to make a section 8 order

To be completed by the court	
The family court sitting at	
Case number	Date issued

Help with Fees – Ref no. (if applicable)	H W F - <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
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Before completing this form please read the leaflet 'CB1 – Making an application – Children and the Family Courts' and the leaflet 'CB7 – Guide for separated parents: children and the family courts'. **These and other forms and leaflets are available from your local court or online at hmctsformfinder.justice.gov.uk**

First name(s) of applicant(s)	Last name of applicant(s)
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

First name(s) of respondent(s)	Last name of the respondent(s)
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Nature of application

What order(s) are you applying for?

- Child Arrangements Order
- Prohibited Steps Order
- Specific Issue Order

Please specify the nature of the order you seek. For example, an order about with whom a child is to live, or how often they spend time with the applicant and for how long.

Concerns about risk of harm

Are you alleging that the child(ren) named in Section 1 of this form have experienced, or are at risk of experiencing, harm from any of the following by any person who has had contact with the child?

- any form of domestic abuse Yes No
- child abduction Yes No
- child abuse Yes No
- drugs, alcohol or substance abuse Yes No
- other safety or welfare concerns Yes No

If you answered Yes to any of the above, **you must complete form C1A** (Supplemental information form) **and file it with this C100 form.**

Additional information required

Are you asking for permission to make this application, where that is required?

- Yes No If Yes, complete section 5a

Is an urgent hearing or without notice hearing required?

- Yes No If Yes, complete section 6a or 6b

Are there previous or ongoing proceedings for the child(ren)?

- Yes No If Yes, complete section 7

Are you applying for an order to formalise an agreement (consent order)?

- Yes No If Yes, **attach the draft order to this form**

Is this a case with an international element or factors affecting litigation capacity?

- Yes No If Yes, complete section 8 or 9

Will the child or any of the people involved need to use spoken or written Welsh during the course of the proceedings?

- Yes No If Yes, complete section 10

1. The Child(ren)

Please also read the information notes and complete the checklist at the end of the form.

- Failure to complete every question or state if it does not apply, could delay the case, as the court will have to ask you to provide the additional information required.
- If there is not enough space please attach separate sheets clearly showing the details of the children, parties, question and page number they refer to.
- Cafcass/CAFCASS CYMRU will carry out checks as it considers necessary. See Section J of leaflet CB1 for more information about Cafcass and CAFCASS CYMRU.

Summary of children's details

Please list the name(s) of the child(ren) and the type(s) of order you are applying for, starting with the oldest. To understand which order to apply for read the booklet CB1 Section D.

Child 1 - First name(s)		Last name	Date of birth	<input type="checkbox"/> Don't know
			<input type="text"/>	
Gender		Orders applied for		
<input type="checkbox"/> Female <input type="checkbox"/> Male				
Applicant(s) relationship to the child		Respondent(s) relationship to the child		
Child 2 - First name(s)		Last name	Date of birth	<input type="checkbox"/> Don't know
			<input type="text"/>	
Gender		Orders applied for		
<input type="checkbox"/> Female <input type="checkbox"/> Male				
Applicant(s) relationship to the child		Respondent(s) relationship to the child		
Child 3 - First name(s)		Last name	Date of birth	<input type="checkbox"/> Don't know
			<input type="text"/>	
Gender		Orders applied for		
<input type="checkbox"/> Female <input type="checkbox"/> Male				
Applicant(s) relationship to the child		Respondent(s) relationship to the child		
Child 4 - First name(s)		Last name	Date of birth	<input type="checkbox"/> Don't know
			<input type="text"/>	
Gender		Orders applied for		
<input type="checkbox"/> Female <input type="checkbox"/> Male				
Applicant(s) relationship to the child		Respondent(s) relationship to the child		

1a. Are any of the children known to the local authority children's services?

Yes No Don't know

If Yes please state which child and the name of the Local Authority and Social worker (if known)

1b. Are any of the children the subject of a child protection plan?

Yes No Don't know

1c. Do all the children have the same parents?

Yes No

If Yes, what are the names of the parents?

If No, please give details of each parent and their children involved in this application

Please state everyone who has parental responsibility for each child and how they have parental responsibility (e.g. 'child's mother', 'child's father and was married to the mother when the child was born' etc.)
(See Section E of leaflet CB1 for more information)

1d. Who do the children currently live with?

Applicant(s) Respondent(s) Other

If other, please give the full address of the child, the names of any adults living with the children and their relationship to or involvement with the child.

If you do not wish this information to be made known to the Respondent, leave the details blank and complete Confidential contact details Form C8.

2. Requirement to attend a Mediation, Information and Assessment Meeting (MIAM)

Before making an application for a child arrangements order, prohibited steps order or specific issue order (a section 8 order) you must first attend a Mediation, Information and Assessment Meeting (MIAM). At the MIAM an authorised family mediator will consider with you (and the other party if present) whether family mediation, or another form of non-court dispute resolution, would be a more appropriate alternative to court. The mediator will also be able to sign post you to other help and support services.

You **must** have attended a MIAM before making this application **unless** the requirement to attend a MIAM does not apply because the section 8 order you are applying for:

- is for a consent order; **or**
- concerns a child who is the subject of separate ongoing emergency proceedings, care proceedings or supervision proceedings (or is already the subject of an emergency, care or supervision order); **or**
- you are exempt from the requirement to attend a MIAM. (Some exemptions you can claim yourself, others must be certified by an authorised family mediator).

All applicants must complete sections 1, 2 and 5 to 14 before signing this form.

In addition, you must tick one of the boxes below and ensure that you, your legal adviser or a family mediator completes (and where indicated signs) the relevant section(s) of this form as shown.

2a. If you ticked 'Yes' to the question on page 1 about current or previous court cases, are/were any of those cases about an emergency protection, care or supervision order?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	If Yes, complete section 7 to provide additional details. Do not complete sections 3 and 4 If No, please answer question 2b.
2b. Are you claiming exemption from the requirement to attend a MIAM?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	If Yes, complete section 3. If No, please answer question 2c.
2c. Has a family mediator informed you that a mediator's exemption applies, and you do not need to attend a MIAM?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	If Yes, you must ensure that the family mediator completes and signs section 4a. If No, please answer question 2d.
2d. Have you attended a MIAM?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	If Yes, you must ensure that the family mediator completes and signs section 4b. If No, you cannot make this application.

3. Applicant claims exemption(s) from attendance at a Mediation, Information and Assessment Meeting (MIAM)

The applicant has not attended a MIAM because the following MIAM exemption(s) applies:

(To be completed by the person intending to make a court application or their solicitor)

- Domestic violence (you must complete **section 3a**)
- Child protection concerns (you must complete **section 3b**)
- Urgency (you must complete **section 3c**)
- Previous MIAM attendance or previous MIAM exemption (you must complete **section 3d**)
- Other (you must complete **section 3e**)

Now complete the relevant section 3a, b, c, d or e by ticking the appropriate box(s)

Further details of MIAM exemption(s) claimed by the applicant

If you have claimed a MIAM exemption above you must also tick the relevant box(s), as shown below to confirm that you have the necessary evidence to support your ground(s) for exemption and should bring it to the first hearing. Where you are asked to provide additional details you must do so.

Section 3a - Domestic violence evidence

The applicant confirms that there is evidence of domestic violence, as specified below:

- evidence that a prospective party has been arrested for a relevant domestic violence offence;
- evidence of a relevant police caution for a domestic violence offence;
- evidence of relevant criminal proceedings for a domestic violence offence which have not concluded;
- evidence of a relevant conviction for a domestic violence offence;
- a court order binding a prospective party over in connection with a domestic violence offence;
- a domestic violence protection notice issued under section 24 of the Crime and Security Act 2010 against a prospective party;
- a relevant protective injunction;
- an undertaking given in England and Wales under section 46 or 63E of the Family Law Act 1996 (or given in Scotland or Northern Ireland in place of a protective injunction) by a prospective party, provided that a cross-undertaking relating to domestic violence was not given by another prospective party;
- a copy of a finding of fact, made in proceedings in the United Kingdom, that there has been domestic violence by a prospective party;
- an expert report produced as evidence in proceedings in the United Kingdom for the benefit of a court or tribunal confirming that a person with whom a prospective party is or was in a family relationship, was assessed as being, or at risk of being, a victim of domestic violence by that prospective party;
- a letter or report from an appropriate health professional confirming that-
 - (i) that professional, or another appropriate health professional, has examined a prospective party in person; and

(ii) in the reasonable professional judgment of the author or the examining appropriate health professional, that prospective party has, or has had, injuries or a condition consistent with being a victim of domestic violence;

a letter or report from-

- (i) the appropriate health professional who made the referral described below;
- (ii) an appropriate health professional who has access to the medical records of the prospective party referred to below; or
- (iii) the person to whom the referral described below was made;

confirming that there was a referral by an appropriate health professional of a prospective party to a person who provides specialist support or assistance for victims of, or those at risk of, domestic violence;

a letter from any person who is a member of a multi-agency risk assessment conference (or other suitable local safeguarding forum) confirming that a prospective party, or a person with whom that prospective party is in a family relationship, is or has been at risk of harm from domestic violence by another prospective party;

a letter from an independent domestic violence advisor confirming that they are providing support to a prospective party;

a letter from an independent sexual violence advisor confirming that they are providing support to a prospective party relating to sexual violence by another prospective party;

a letter from an officer employed by a local authority or housing association (or their equivalent in Scotland or Northern Ireland) for the purpose of supporting tenants containing-

- (i) a statement to the effect that, in their reasonable professional judgment, a person with whom a prospective party is or has been in a family relationship is, or is at risk of being, a victim of domestic violence by that prospective party;
- (ii) a description of the specific matters relied upon to support that judgment; and
- (iii) a description of the support they provided to the victim of domestic violence or the person at risk of domestic violence by that prospective party;

a letter which-

- (i) is from an organisation providing domestic violence support services, or a registered charity, which letter confirms that it-
 - (a) is situated in England and Wales,
 - (b) has been operating for an uninterrupted period of six months or more; and
 - (c) provided a prospective party with support in relation to that person's needs as a victim, or a person at risk, of domestic violence; and

(ii) contains-

- (a) a statement to the effect that, in the reasonable professional judgment of the author of the letter, the prospective party is, or is at risk of being, a victim of domestic violence;
- (b) a description of the specific matters relied upon to support that judgment;
- (c) a description of the support provided to the prospective party; and

Section 3a - Domestic violence evidence - **continued**

(d) a statement of the reasons why the prospective party needed that support;

- a letter or report from an organisation providing domestic violence support services in the United Kingdom confirming-
 - (i) that a person with whom a prospective party is or was in a family relationship was refused admission to a refuge;
 - (ii) the date on which they were refused admission to the refuge; and
 - (iii) they sought admission to the refuge because of allegations of domestic violence by the prospective party referred to in paragraph (i);
- a letter from a public authority confirming that a person with whom a prospective party is or was in a family relationship, was assessed as being, or at risk of being, a victim of domestic violence by that prospective party (or a copy of that assessment);
- a letter from the Secretary of State for the Home Department confirming that a prospective party has been granted leave to remain in the United Kingdom under paragraph 289B of the Rules made by the Home Secretary under section 3(2) of the Immigration Act 1971, which can be found at <https://www.gov.uk/guidance/immigration-rules/immigration-rules-index>;
- evidence which demonstrates that a prospective party has been, or is at risk of being, the victim of domestic violence by another prospective party in the form of abuse which relates to financial matters.

Section 3b – Child protection concerns

The applicant confirms that a child would be the subject of the application and that child or another child of the family who is living with that child is currently—

- the subject of enquiries by a local authority under section 47 of the Children Act 1989 Act; or
- the subject of a child protection plan put in place by a local authority.

Section 3c – Urgency

The applicant confirms that the application must be made urgently because:

- there is risk to the life, liberty or physical safety of the prospective applicant or his or her family or his or her home; or
- any delay caused by attending a MIAM would cause—
 - a risk of harm to a child; or
 - a risk of unlawful removal of a child from the United Kingdom, or a risk of unlawful retention of a child who is currently outside England and Wales; or
 - a significant risk of a miscarriage of justice; or
 - unreasonable hardship to the prospective applicant; or
 - irretrievable problems in dealing with the dispute (including the irretrievable loss of significant evidence); or
- there is a significant risk that in the period necessary to schedule and attend a MIAM, proceedings relating to the dispute will be brought in another state in which a valid claim to jurisdiction may exist, such that a court in that other State would be seized of the dispute before a court in England and Wales.

Section 3d – Previous MIAM attendance or MIAM exemption

The applicant confirms that one of the following applies:

- in the 4 months prior to making the application, the person attended a MIAM or participated in another form of non-court dispute resolution relating to the same or substantially the same dispute; or
- at the time of making the application, the person is participating in another form of non-court dispute resolution relating to the same or substantially the same dispute; or
- in the 4 months prior to making the application, the person filed a relevant family application confirming that a MIAM exemption applied and that application related to the same or substantially the same dispute; or
- the application would be made in existing proceedings which are continuing and the prospective applicant attended a MIAM before initiating those proceedings; or
- the application would be made in existing proceedings which are continuing and a MIAM exemption applied to the application for those proceedings.

Section 3e – Other exemptions

The applicant confirms that one of the following other grounds for exemption applies:

- the prospective applicant does not have sufficient contact details for any of the prospective respondents to enable a family mediator to contact any of the prospective respondents for the purpose of scheduling the MIAM.
- the application would be made without notice (Paragraph 5.1 of Practice Direction 18A sets out the circumstances in which applications may be made without notice.)
- (i) the prospective applicant is or all of the prospective respondents are subject to a disability or other inability that would prevent attendance at a MIAM unless appropriate facilities can be offered by an authorised mediator; (ii) the prospective applicant has contacted as many authorised family mediators as have an office within fifteen miles of his or her home (or three of them if there are three or more), and all have stated that they are unable to provide such facilities; and (iii) the names, postal addresses and telephone numbers or e-mail addresses for such authorised family mediators, and the dates of contact, can be provided to the court if requested.
- the prospective applicant or all of the prospective respondents cannot attend a MIAM because he or she is, or they are, as the case may be (i) in prison or any other institution in which he or she is or they are required to be detained; (ii) subject to conditions of bail that prevent contact with the other person; or (iii) subject to a licence with a prohibited contact requirement in relation to the other person.
- the prospective applicant or all of the prospective respondents are not habitually resident in England and Wales.
- a child is one of the prospective parties by virtue of Rule 12.3(1).
- (i) the prospective applicant has contacted as many authorised family mediators as have an office within fifteen miles of his or her home (or three of them if there are three or more), and all of them have stated that they are not available to conduct a MIAM within fifteen business days of the date of contact; and (ii) the names, postal addresses and telephone numbers or e-mail addresses for such authorised family mediators, and the dates of contact, can be provided to the court if requested.
- there is no authorised family mediator with an office within fifteen miles of the prospective applicant's home.

Now complete Section 5.

4. Mediator certifies that the prospective applicant is exempt from attendance at Mediation Information and Assessment Meeting (MIAM) or confirms MIAM attendance

**(To be completed and signed by the authorised family mediator)
(tick the boxes that apply)**

4a.

The following MIAM exemption(s) applies:

- An authorised family mediator confirms that he or she is satisfied that -
- (a) mediation is not suitable as a means of resolving the dispute because none of the respondents is willing to attend a MIAM; or
 - (b) mediation is not suitable as a means of resolving the dispute because all of the respondents failed without good reason to attend a MIAM appointment; or
 - (c) mediation is otherwise not suitable as a means of resolving the dispute.

4b.

The prospective applicant attended a MIAM:

- The prospective applicant only attended a MIAM.
- The prospective applicant and respondent party(s) attended the MIAM together.
- The prospective applicant and respondent(s) have each attended a separate MIAM.
- The prospective respondent party(s) has/have made or is/are making arrangements to attend a separate MIAM.

Mediation or other form of Dispute Resolution is not proceeding because:

- The applicant has attended a MIAM alone and
- the applicant does not wish to start or continue mediation; or
 - the mediator has determined that mediation is unsuitable; or
 - the respondent did not wish to attend a MIAM
- Both the applicant and respondent have attended a MIAM (separately or together) and
- the applicant does not wish to start or continue mediation; or
 - the respondent does not wish to start or continue mediation; or
 - the mediator has determined that mediation is unsuitable
- Mediation has started, but has:
- broken down; or
 - concluded with some or all issues unresolved

Signed

Authorised Family Mediator

(a family mediator who is authorised to undertake MIAMs)

FMC
Registration no.

Family
Mediation
Service name

Sole trader
name

Address

Dated

5. Why are you making this application?

Have you applied to the court for permission to make this application? Yes No - permission not required No - permission now sought

5a. Reasons for permission if permission is required.

5b. Please give brief details:

- any previous agreements (formal or informal) or parenting plans, and how they have broken down
- your reasons for bringing this application to the court
- what you want the court to do
- reasons given by the respondent(s) for their actions in relation to this application.

Do not give a full statement, please provide a summary of any relevant reasons.

You may be asked to provide a full statement later.

5c. Have you previously prepared a Parenting Plan?

Yes No

If No, you can download a copy from the website www.cafcass.gov.uk/parentingplan

If Yes, please attach the plan to this application form

6. Urgent and without notice hearings

Complete this section if you have ticked the relevant box on the front of the form

6a. Urgent hearing

Set out the order(s)/directions sought

Set out the reasons for urgency

Proposed timetable

The application should be considered within hours/days

If consideration is sought within 48 hours, you must complete the section below

What efforts have you made to put each respondent on notice of the application?

Complete this section if you have ticked the relevant box on the front of the form

6b. Without notice hearing

Set out the reasons for the application to be considered without notice. (This information is a requirement, a without notice hearing will **not** be directed without reason)

Do you require a without notice hearing because it is not possible to give notice including abridged or informal notice?

Yes No

If Yes, please set out reasons below

Do you require a without notice hearing because notice to a respondent will frustrate the order that is being applied for?

Yes No

If Yes, please set out reasons below

7. Other court cases which concern the child(ren) listed in Section 1

Complete this section if you have ticked the relevant box on the front of this form.

Use this section to provide details of any other court cases now, or at any time in the past, which concern any of the child(ren) listed in section 1.

Additional details

Name of child(ren)

Name of the court where proceedings heard

Case no.

Date/year (if known)

Name and office (if known) of Cafcass/CAFCASS CYMRU officer

Type of proceedings if known - please tick all that apply

- | | | |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Emergency Protection Order | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No |
| Supervision Order | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No |
| Care Order | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No |
| Child abduction | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No |
| Family Law Act 1996 Part 4 (proceedings for non-molestation order or occupation order) | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No |
| A contact or residence order (Section 8 Children Act 1989) made within proceedings for a divorce or dissolution of a civil partnership | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No |
| A contact or residence order (Section 8 Children Act 1989) made in connection with an Adoption Order | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No |
| An order relating to child maintenance (Schedule 1 Children Act 1989) | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No |
| A child arrangements order (Section 8 Children Act 1989) | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No |

Please tick if additional sheets are attached.

Please attach a copy of any relevant order.

8. Cases with an international element

Do you have any reason to believe that any child, parent or potentially significant adult in the child's life may be habitually resident in another state?

Yes No

If Yes, please give details

Do you have any reason to believe that there may be an issue as to jurisdiction in this case?

Yes No

If Yes, please give details

Has a request been made or should a request be made to a Central Authority or other competent authority in a foreign state or a consular authority in England and Wales?

Yes No

If Yes, please give details

9. Factors affecting ability to participate in proceedings

Please give details of any factors affecting litigation capacity

Complete this section if you have ticked the relevant box on the front of this form.

Provide details of any referral to or assessment by the Adult Learning Disability team, and/or any adult health service, where known, together with the outcome

Are you aware of any other factors which may affect the ability of the person concerned to take part in the proceedings?

10. Attending the court

Section N of the booklet 'CB1 - Making an application - Children and the Family Courts' and the leaflet 'CB7 - Guide for separated parents: children and the family courts' provide information about attending court.

If you require an interpreter, you must tell the court now so that one can be arranged.

Please note that in any court proceedings in Wales you have the right to speak Welsh at any court hearing.

10a. Do you or any other party need to use spoken Welsh in the course of the proceedings or require written documentation in Welsh?

Yes No

If Yes, please give the names of the parties/witnesses/children involved who need to use written or spoken Welsh?

	<input type="checkbox"/> Spoken	<input type="checkbox"/> Written	<input type="checkbox"/> Both
	<input type="checkbox"/> Spoken	<input type="checkbox"/> Written	<input type="checkbox"/> Both
	<input type="checkbox"/> Spoken	<input type="checkbox"/> Written	<input type="checkbox"/> Both
	<input type="checkbox"/> Spoken	<input type="checkbox"/> Written	<input type="checkbox"/> Both
	<input type="checkbox"/> Spoken	<input type="checkbox"/> Written	<input type="checkbox"/> Both
	<input type="checkbox"/> Spoken	<input type="checkbox"/> Written	<input type="checkbox"/> Both
	<input type="checkbox"/> Spoken	<input type="checkbox"/> Written	<input type="checkbox"/> Both

10b. Do you or any of the parties require the court to appoint an interpreter or arrange any other assistance (e.g. sign language)?

Yes No

If Yes, who requires the interpreter

applicant respondent Other party *(please specify)*

and please specify the language and dialect required:

10c. Are you aware of whether an intermediary will be required?

Yes No

If Yes, please give details

10d. If attending the court, do you or any of the parties involved have a disability for which you require special assistance or special facilities?

Yes No

If Yes, please say what the needs are

Please say whether there is a need for the court to make any special arrangements for you or any relevant children to attend court (e.g. providing you with a separate waiting room from the respondent or other security provisions).

Court staff may get in touch with you about the requirements

12. The respondent(s)

Sections G and H of the booklet 'CB1 - Making an application - Children and the Family Courts' explain who a respondent is.

If there are more than 2 respondents please continue on a separate sheet.

	Respondent 1	Respondent 2
First name(s)	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Last name(s)	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Previous names (if known)	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Gender	<input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female	<input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female
Date of birth (If party under 18 read section Q of leaflet CB1)	<input type="text" value="D D / M M / Y Y Y Y"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Don't know	<input type="text" value="D D / M M / Y Y Y Y"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Don't know
Place of birth (town/county/country)	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Address (to which documents relating to this application should be sent)	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
	Postcode <input type="text" value=""/> <input type="text" value=""/>	Postcode <input type="text" value=""/> <input type="text" value=""/>
	<input type="checkbox"/> Don't know	<input type="checkbox"/> Don't know
Home telephone number	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Mobile telephone number	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/> Don't know	<input type="checkbox"/> Don't know
Email address	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/> Don't know	<input type="checkbox"/> Don't know
Have they lived at this address for more than 5 years?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Don't know	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Don't know

If No, please provide details of all previous addresses for the last 5 years below (if known, including the dates and starting with the most recent)

<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
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13. Others who should be given notice

There may be other people who should be notified of your application, for example, someone who cares for the child but is not a parent. Sections G and I of the booklet **'CB1 - Making an application - Children and the Family Courts'** explain who others are.

	Person 1	Person 2
First name(s)	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Last name(s)	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Previous names (if known)	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Gender	<input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female	<input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female
Date of birth	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Don't know	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Don't know
Address	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
	Postcode <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Don't know	Postcode <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Don't know

Please state their relationship to the children listed on page 1. If their relationship is not the same to each child please state their relationship to each child.

13a. Other children not part of the application.

Full name of child	Date of birth	Gender
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Don't know	<input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female
Relationship to applicant(s)		Relationship to respondent(s)
<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>
Full name of child	Date of birth	Gender
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Don't know	<input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female
Relationship to applicant(s)		Relationship to respondent(s)
<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>

14. Solicitor's details

Do you have a solicitor acting for you?

Yes

No

If No, see section Q of leaflet CB1 for more information

If Yes, please give the following details

Your solicitor's name

Name of firm

Address

Postcode

Telephone number

Fax number

DX number

Solicitor's Reference

Fee account no.

Email address

15. Checklist

1. Have you completed section 1 relating to the child(ren) in full? Yes No
2. Have you completed sections 2, 3 and 4 relating to Mediation in full? Yes No
3. Have you completed sections 5 and 6 relating to reasons for making the application in full? Yes No
4. Have you completed section 7 relating to Other Court cases in full? Yes No
5. Have you completed sections 8, 9 and 10 about the factors affecting the proceedings? Yes No
6. Have you completed section 11 relating to you the applicant in full? Yes No
7. Have you completed section 12, 13 and 14 relating to the Respondent and others who should be given notice Yes No
8. Have you completed section 16 relating to statement of truth in full? Yes No

You must send the court **at least three copies** of this form.

16. Statement of truth

*delete as appropriate

Print full name

Name of applicant solicitors firm

Signed

Dated

Position or office held (If signing on behalf of firm or company)

Proceedings for contempt of court may be brought against a person who makes or causes to be made, a false statement in a document verified by a statement of truth.

Court fee – Are you paying the court fee by credit or debit card?

- Yes**, the court will contact you, using the details given in your application, within three working days to take payment
- No**

What you do next

You should normally make your application to the Designated Family Centre for your area. You can find this, and a full list of courts and what type of work they do online at courtribunalfinder.service.gov.uk

Fees

You may need to pay a fee with your application. You should read leaflet **EX50 Civil and family court fees** to find out what fee, if any, you need to pay. This leaflet is available from your local court or online at hmctsformfinder.justice.gov.uk

Guidance note for completing form C100

Relevant sections of this application will be provided to Cafcass/CAFCASS CYMRU upon issue of proceedings. The information contained in this form enables Cafcass/CAFCASS CYMRU to conduct enquiries prior to the first court hearing. Without it they cannot conduct their initial safeguarding checks and enquiries.

Every question in this form should be completed, or stated that the information is not available.

This essential information is required by Cafcass/CAFCASS CYMRU and failure to provide this information could lead to unnecessary delays to proceedings:

Page 1

Specify in the box the nature of the order you seek

You need to complete this form if you want to ask the court to make an (or change an existing) order about a child(ren) and your application is for:

- a child arrangements order (where a child should live, who a child should spend time with or both); or
- a specific issue order (for example, if you are asking the court to decide whether a child's surname should be changed); or
- a prohibited steps order (for example, if you are asking the court to prevent a person from removing a child from a school).

These orders are known as 'Section 8 orders' and are orders made by the court under section 8 of the Children Act 1989 to decide issues in relation to a child. You must tick the relevant box on page 1 to indicate which type of order(s) you are applying for. (If you wish to ask the court to enforce a previous Section 8 order you need to complete a different court form – Form 'C79 (Application related to enforcement of a child arrangements order)').

If you have any concerns about the risk of harm, tick the relevant box(s) and complete a separate Form C1A (Allegations of harm and domestic violence) and give this to the court with your completed Form C100.

Tick whether you are asking permission to make this application (and if so complete section 5a)

Tick whether the application is urgent (and if so complete section 6a) or whether the application is to be made without notice to another party (and if so complete section 6b)

Tick whether there are linked proceedings (and if so complete section 7). When providing information about linked proceedings, please provide as much detail as possible about previous or current court cases that you are aware of in relation to the child(ren).

Tick whether your application is for an order to formalise an agreement (consent order) and if so attach the draft order to this form.

Tick whether your case has an international element or whether there are any factors that affect the ability of any party to these proceedings to participate in proceedings.

Page 4

Answer questions 2a to 2d about whether there are parallel proceedings for an emergency protection, care or supervision order, whether a MIAM exemption applies or whether you have attended a MIAM.

Pages 5 to 9

If you answered question 2b on page 4 with 'Yes' you must tick one of the first five boxes in section 3 to indicate the category of MIAM exemption that you are claiming. You must then complete section 3a, b, c, d or e as shown.

If a family mediator needs to certify that a mediator's exemption applies you must ask them to complete section 4 of this form and sign where shown.

If you have attended a MIAM you must ask the family mediator who conducted it to complete section 4 of the form and sign where shown.

Page 10

Tick whether you have or are applying for permission to make this application (and if seeking permission complete section 5a).

Complete section 5b to provide brief details about why you are making the application

Complete section 5c about any previously prepared Parenting Plan.

Page 15

Answer questions 10a to 10c by ticking the relevant boxes and provide details in the box of any special arrangements you need in order to be able to attend court.

Page 16

If you (the applicant) does not wish the address to be made known it should be included in an accompanying Form C8 (Confidential contact details). Please ensure that any documents submitted with this form or at a later date, **do not** include the confidential contact details you wish to withhold.

Page 17

The respondent's address, including the Postcode

The respondent's telephone number and if applicable, mobile telephone

Whether the respondent has lived at their address for more than 5 years

Page 18

Full details for other parties who should be given notice of the application

Page 20

Check that you (or your solicitor if relevant) have completed and signed the statement of truth.

General information for completing this form

Requirement to attend a Mediation, Information and Assessment Meeting

1. It is now a legal requirement that, unless an exemption applies, a person who wishes to apply to court for one or more of the orders listed at paragraph 1 of these notes must first attend a Mediation, Information and Assessment Meeting (a MIAM). At the stage before proceedings the other party (the respondent) is expected to attend either the same MIAM or a separate MIAM.
2. At the MIAM, a trained family mediator will give you (the applicant) and the other person if present (the respondent) information about family mediation and other types of non-court dispute resolution. They will consider with you whether non-court dispute resolution would be an appropriate way to resolve the dispute. It is then for the applicant and respondent to decide whether or not to do so.
3. The requirement for the applicant to attend a MIAM does not apply if a Section 8 order is being applied for and:
 - the other person is in agreement about what you are asking the court to order (the order is a 'consent order'); or
 - there is an ongoing case about the child(ren) who would be the subject of the Section 8 application and that case concerns an emergency protection order, a supervision order or a care order, or if one of those orders has previously been made.
4. You must tick the relevant box in Section 2 of this form so that the court knows whether the MIAM requirement applies, whether an exemption applies (and why) or whether you have attended a MIAM.

MIAM exemptions and MIAM attendance

5. As the applicant you are expected to have contacted an authorised family mediator in order to make arrangements to attend a MIAM unless:
 - the MIAM requirement does not apply for one of the reasons explained at paragraph 9 of these notes, or
 - you are claiming a MIAM exemption, or a family mediator certifies that a mediator's exemption applies.
6. You can find an authorised family mediator by using the 'Find your local mediator' search facility available at: www.familymediationcouncil.org.uk
7. You should give the mediator the contact details of the other person so that the family mediator can contact them to check their willingness to attend a MIAM. If the other persons (or none of the other persons if there is more than one respondent) is or are unwilling to attend a MIAM this is a ground for the family mediator to exempt you from attending a MIAM.

8. If you or your solicitor believe that you have grounds for claiming exemption from MIAM attendance you or your solicitor must tick the relevant box in Section 2 of this form and complete Section 13.
9. If a family mediator wishes to certify that a mediator's exemption applies, so that you do not need to attend a MIAM, you must ask the family mediator to complete Section 4 of this form and sign it where shown.
10. If you have attended a MIAM you must ask the family mediator who conducted the MIAM to complete Section 4 of this form and sign it where shown.
11. If you claim a MIAM exemption and make an application to the court, the court will inquire into the grounds for exemption. The court may ask you to produce written evidence (see Section 3 of this form for details against each exemption shown).
12. If the court determines that the exemption was not validly claimed it may direct you, or you and the other party, to attend a MIAM and, if the case has already progressed to the first hearing, may adjourn the case to enable you to make arrangements to attend a MIAM.
13. The detailed procedure relating to the MIAM requirement and MIAM exemptions and attendance is set out in Part 3 of the Family Procedure Rules and in supporting Practice Direction 3A (judicial guidance). These are available online at: www.justice.gov.uk/courts/procedure-rules/family/practice_directions/pd_part_03a

Paying for MIAM attendance or for family mediation

14. Legal aid is available for MIAMs and for family mediation. If you are eligible for legal aid you could receive both the MIAM and mediation sessions free of charge, as well as some advice from a solicitor to support you in the mediation process.
15. If you, or the prospective respondent, is eligible for Legal Aid then the total cost of MIAM attendance can be met by the Legal Aid Agency, whether you and the prospective respondent attend the same MIAM or separate MIAMs.
16. If neither you nor the respective respondent is eligible for Legal Aid then the mediator will agree with you how the cost of MIAM attendance is to be met.
17. See paragraph 33 below on how to find out whether you are eligible for Legal Aid.

Safety and MIAM attendance

18. Please note: the family mediator will discuss with you and with the other person whether you wish to attend the MIAM separately or together. Family mediators have a responsibility to ensure the safety and security of all concerned and will always check with each of you that attending together is your individual choice and is safe.

Information about mediation

19. If suitable, mediation can be a better way of resolving issues about arrangements for children when you and your partner separate or divorce. Mediation can be less expensive than going to court and much less stressful for all the family. It can also help you as parents to focus on your child(ren)'s needs in making decisions about them.
20. Family Mediation is an impartial process that involves an independent third person who assists both parties involved in a family dispute to reach a resolution. Family mediation can be used to settle any or all of the following issues:
 - Arrangements for children
 - Financial arrangements and dividing up property
 - Any combination of these
 - Any other disputes to do with separation and divorce.
21. Family Mediation is not just for divorcing or separating couples – it is a means for resolving a range of family disputes, whether they arise from divorce or the separation of cohabiting parents. Family Mediation could also help resolve issues with wider family members such as grandparents.
22. The family mediator helps the process of negotiation between the parties to agree their own arrangements by way of a Memorandum of Understanding. You can ask a solicitor, if you have one, to check the Memorandum of Understanding.
23. If both parties agree, you can ask the court to endorse what you have agreed by issuing a consent order. The mediator will help you to decide whether your case is complicated and does in fact need the court to consider your situation and make an order. The mediator should also tell you about other local services and options for resolving your dispute.
24. A statutory Mediation Information and Assessment Meeting (MIAM) is reserved for “authorised mediators” under the Family Procedure Rules. “Authorised family mediator” means a person identified by the Family Mediation Council as qualified to conduct a MIAM. “Qualified to conduct a MIAM” is interpreted as holding current Family Mediation Council accreditation (FMCA). FMCA mediators are issued with a unique FMC registration number. Authorised mediators are requested to enter this number in the box provided.
25. General information about family mediation is available from the Family Mediation Council website at: www.familymediationcouncil.org.uk
26. The family mediator who undertakes the MIAM for you must be a member of a national mediation organisation which adheres to the Family Mediation Council's Code of Conduct and the mediator must be authorised to conduct MIAMs. The service finder will help you find such a local mediator.
27. You can find out more about legal aid for family matters, including whether you may be eligible for legal aid, on the Legal Aid Information Service on the Gov.UK site at: www.gov.uk/check-legal-aid or you can telephone the Civil Legal Advice direct helpline 0345 345 4345.
28. For general advice on separation services and options for resolving disputes: www.sortingoutseparation.org.uk
29. For general advice about sorting out arrangements for children, the use of post-separation mediation, and/or going to court: www.advicenow.org.uk; www.advicenow.org.uk/guides/survival-guide-sorting-out-arrangements-your-children
30. For general advice about sorting out arrangements for children: www.theparentconnection.org.uk/
31. For advice about Contact Centres, which are neutral places where children of separated families can enjoy contact with their non-resident parents and sometimes other family members, in a comfortable and safe environment; and information about where they are: www.naccc.org.uk
32. For help with taking a case to court without a solicitor, the Personal Support Unit: www.thepsu.org/
33. For guidance on representing yourself at court, including a list of commonly used terms that you may come across: <http://www.barcouncil.org.uk/using-a-barrister/representing-yourself-in-court/>
34. For advice about finding and using a family law solicitor see: Law Society www.lawsociety.org.uk, and Resolution (family law solicitors): www.resolution.org.uk
35. For advice about finding using a family law barrister: see <http://www.barcouncil.org.uk/using-a-barrister/find-a-barrister/> and for arrangements for using a barrister directly see <http://www.barcouncil.org.uk/using-a-barrister/how-to-instruct-a-barrister/>
36. Judicial guidance that sets out the approach of the courts to deciding child arrangements is available online at: www.justice.gov.uk/courts/procedure-rules/family/practice_directions/pd_part_12b

Online videos

37. There are several videos explain more about the mediation process, making your application, what will happen in court and will help you prepare for the hearing. To watch the videos visit www.bit.ly/guides_for_separating_parents